

Charting a Course to Energy Independence

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**Assessing Energy Use and Savings Potential
with the Facility Energy Decision System**

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Topics

- ▶ Federal Energy Efficiency Goals
- ▶ FEDS Capabilities
- ▶ FEDS Applications
- ▶ What's new in FEDS 6.0
- ▶ How to get FEDS



Facility Energy Decision System

www.pnl.gov/FEDS

*Decision-Making Software
for Building Energy Efficiency*



A Key Tool for our National Energy Priorities

- ▶ The Nation is embarking on a new era of energy awareness and action
- ▶ **Existing** buildings represent a significant target for energy savings
- ▶ FEDS can be used by government or private sector facility energy managers to:
 - Quickly and easily identify energy savings opportunities, \$ savings, emissions reductions
 - Identify options for meeting federal energy efficiency goals
- ▶ FEDS combines a unique set of features to provide valuable energy efficiency screening plus more detailed analyses to support project development



Energy Savings Goals, Requirements, & Opportunities

- ▶ Energy Policy Act of 2005
- ▶ Executive Order 13423
- ▶ Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007
- ▶ Other federal and agency level targets and guidance
- ▶ The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009



Selected Requirements from the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007

- ▶ **Section 431 – Energy Reduction Goals for Federal Buildings**
Increasing energy reduction goals towards a 30% reduction target by 2015, from a 2003 baseline.
- ▶ **Section 432 – Management of Energy and Water Efficiency in Federal Buildings**
 - Annual comprehensive evaluation for 25% of covered facilities at each agency.
 - Implementation of energy and water efficiency measures within 2 years after completion of each evaluation, that are life cycle cost effective
- ▶ **Section 435 – Leased Facilities**
 - 3 years after enactment of the legislation no agency may enter a lease for a building that has not earned an Energy Star label in the most recent year
 - Buildings already occupied by an Agency must be renovated with cost effective energy efficient measures within a year.



Overview of the FEDS Software

Decision-Making Software for Building Energy Efficiency

- ▶ Estimates energy consumption for all energy systems and fuels types
- ▶ Determines the minimum life-cycle-cost retrofits to systems within a single facility and for an entire installation or campus, considering interactive effects

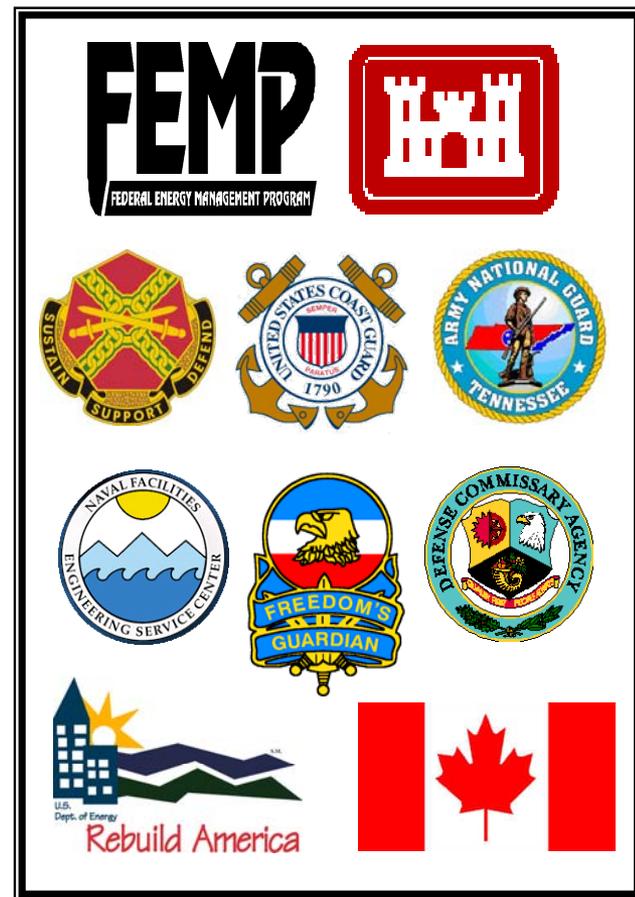


*Does this quickly and easily,
requiring minimal modeling experience*



Development History

- ▶ Originated to meet energy analysis needs found in no other software, to quickly analyze large multi-building complexes with single meter
 - Determine where energy was going and what savings opportunities existed
- ▶ Enhancements and features added over time to increase functionality and flexibility, and update technology performance and cost data



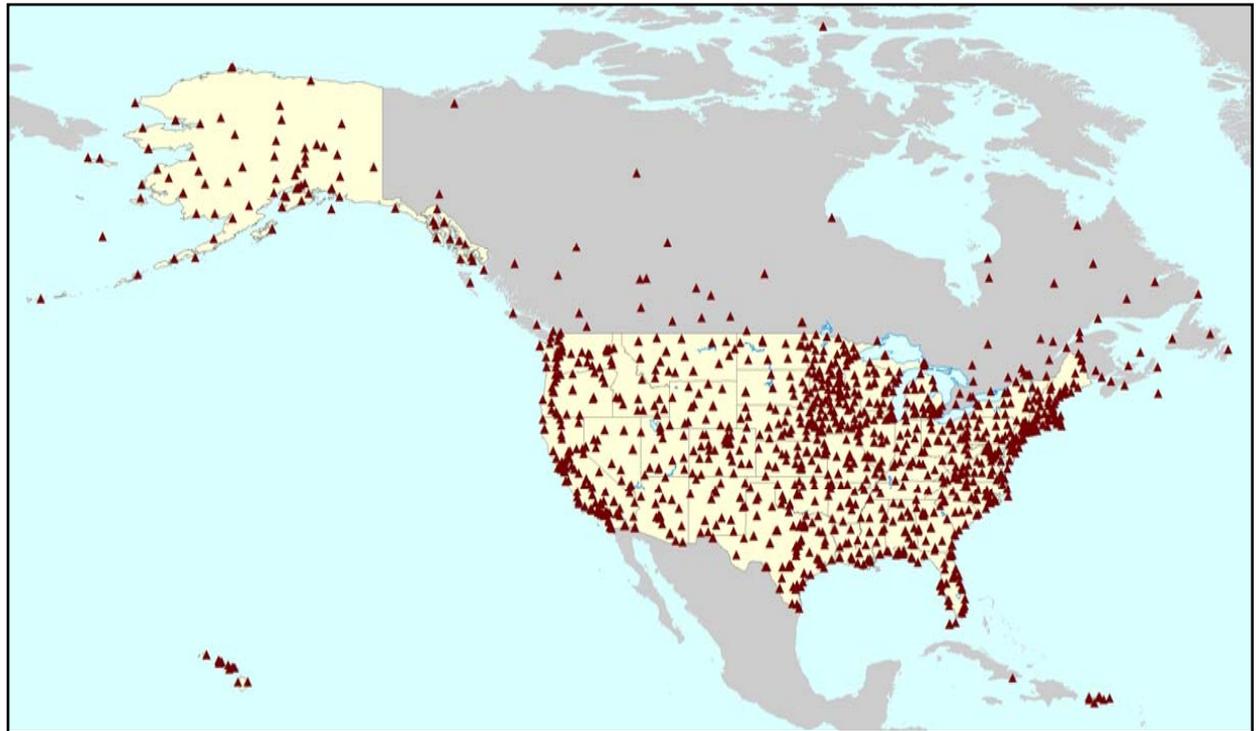
Building Systems Evaluated by FEDS

- ▶ Building Shell
- ▶ Advanced HVAC Options
 - Heat pumps (incl. ground-coupled & dual-fuel)
 - Gas engine, absorption chillers
 - Radiant / infrared heating
- ▶ Lighting
- ▶ Motors
- ▶ Refrigeration Equipment
- ▶ Plug Loads
- ▶ Central Energy Plants and Thermal Loops



Weather Data

- ▶ Over 1730 weather station data files
- ▶ Derived from Typical Meteorological Year (TMY, TMY2, TMY3), Weather Year for Energy Calculations (WYEC, WYEC2), Test Reference Year (TRY) 8760 hourly data.
- ▶ U.S.
- ▶ Caribbean
- ▶ Pacific Islands
- ▶ Canada
- ▶ Other Int'l



Energy Analysis: There are no All-Purpose Tools

▶ Limitations:

- FEDS is NOT a design tool
- Does not model every available advanced technology
- Currently considers only limited renewable energy technologies
- Does not currently assess water efficiency

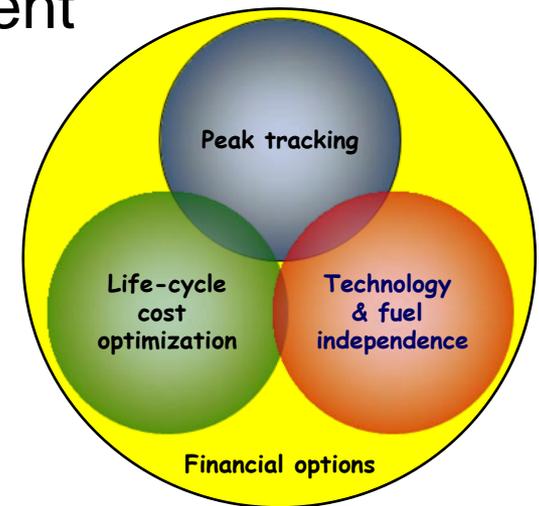
▶ Strengths:

- Easy to use
- Multi-building analyses & screening assessments
- Estimating current energy consumption and costs, and identifying and evaluating economics of savings opportunities
- Life-cycle costing
- Considers interactive effects, both intra-and inter-facility
- Integrated central energy plant analysis with building evaluations



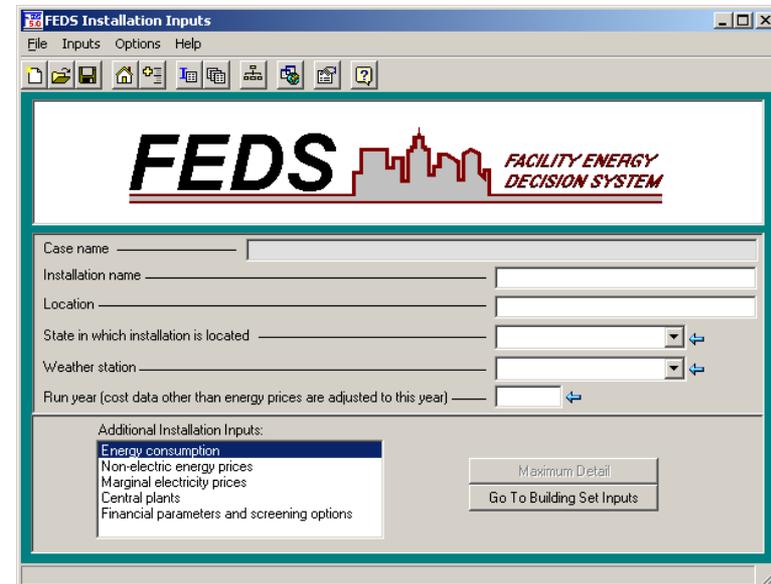
Key Characteristics that Set FEDS Apart

- ▶ **Flexible & easy to use:** Accepts generic or very detailed inputs and provides intelligent inferences for missing data – excellent screening tool
- ▶ Examines single buildings to **large multi-building complexes**
- ▶ **Powerful:** Evaluates the cost and performance of thousands of building energy retrofit technologies, estimating energy consumption, electric demand, and savings potential based on minimum LCC



Key Characteristics that Set FEDS Apart (cont.)

- ▶ Provides **detailed** efficiency recommendations, including technology selection and associated economic parameters
- ▶ Determine the optimal set of retrofits to the current system - considering **interactive effects**
- ▶ **Flexible** occupancy scheduling
- ▶ Tracks **emissions** impacts
- ▶ Conducts **alternative financing** analyses
- ▶ Replace on failure economics



FEDS Requires only Limited Data Input

▶ Installation and Financial

- Location
- Energy Price Data and Analysis Year
- Cost of Money (if not DOE/EIA)

▶ Buildings

- Type, Vintage, Square Footage, Quantity
- Operating Hours
- Equipment (Lights, Heat, Cool, Hot Water)

▶ Central Plants

- Fuel produced
- Fuels used
- Equipment type
- Buildings served

FEDS Inferences: Automatically fill in the remaining detailed parameters based on the input data set



Retrofit Modeling

- ▶ Types of retrofits evaluated include:
 - complete replacement with similar, but more efficient equipment
 - changes to different types of equipment which provide equivalent service more efficiently
 - changes to more efficient equipment using a different fuel (fuel-switching)
 - central plant decentralization options
- ▶ Project capital costs include installation (materials + labor), taxes, profit, and are adjusted for regional differences in materials and labor costs (along with O&M costs)



FEDS Output

▶ **Summary Report:**

- Energy, demand, dollar, and emissions impacts for the overall installation, plus central plants, and buildings
- Energy use and intensities by building, fuel type, and end use
- Peak demand: total and coincident value and time, for installation and by building set
- Estimated total investment and life-cycle cost savings

▶ **Detailed Retrofit Reports:**

- Project by project information on each identified measure
- Technology description and performance characteristics (base and retrofit)
- Energy, demand, dollar, and emissions impacts
- Economic parameters: installed cost, O&M costs, NPV, SIR, Payback

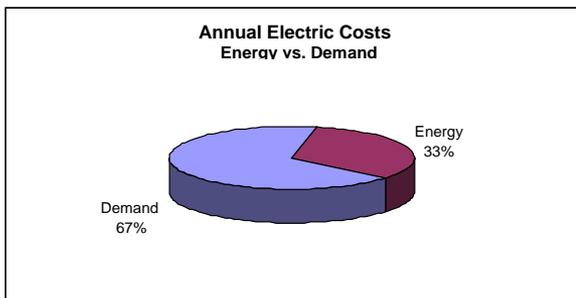
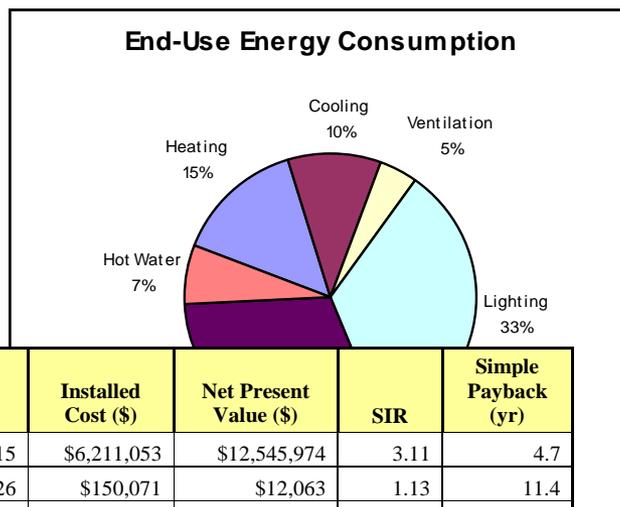
▶ **Energy Conservation Investment Program (ECIP) Report**



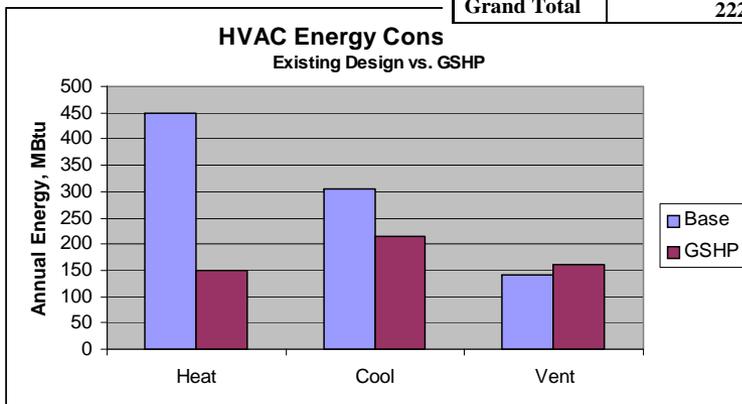
Example Analysis & Results

Estimated Annual Energy Use and Costs

| Fuel Type | Annual Consumption | Annual Cost (\$) |
|----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Electricity | 748,352 kWh | 37,429 |
| Natural Gas | 4,490 therms | 3,813 |
| Total Combined | 3.003 MBtu | 41,242 |



| Retrofit Type | Energy Savings (Million Btu/yr) | Annual Savings (\$/yr) | Installed Cost (\$) | Net Present Value (\$) | SIR | Simple Payback (yr) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Envelope | 102,110 | \$1,325,115 | \$6,211,053 | \$12,545,974 | 3.11 | 4.7 |
| Cooling | 541 | \$13,126 | \$150,071 | \$12,063 | 1.13 | 11.4 |
| Heating | 50,465 | \$672,784 | \$1,927,103 | \$4,398,671 | 5.26 | 2.9 |
| Heat Pumps | 4,921 | \$102,581 | \$900,275 | \$134,546 | 1.23 | 8.8 |
| Hot Water | 9,704 | \$219,934 | \$245,653 | \$2,148,905 | 15.12 | 1.1 |
| Lighting | 55,223 | \$1,882,259 | \$7,076,071 | \$23,240,358 | 4.25 | 3.8 |
| Grand Total | 222,964 | \$4,215,799 | \$16,510,226 | \$42,480,517 | 3.84 | 3.9 |



| Pollutant | Annual Emissions |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂), lb | 5,016 |
| Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x), lb | 5,525 |
| Carbon Monoxide (CO), lb | 251 |
| Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂), tons | 807 |
| Particulate Matter, lb | 779 |
| Hydrocarbons, lb | 47 |



Analyses Beyond Project Identification

FEDS Provides a Great Platform to Quickly:

- ▶ Asses impacts of change:
 - Mission changes
 - New/expanded/retired/demolished facilities
 - Operating schedules and occupancy levels
 - Increasing energy rates or alternate tariff
 - New technologies
- ▶ Value “deals” including fuel switch opportunities
- ▶ Evaluate building designs, alternative technology applications
- ▶ Apportion costs to reimbursable customers
- ▶ Document energy efficiency



FEDS Use for the Army at PNNL

- ▶ Energy Engineering Analysis Program (EEAP)
 - Partnership with Army Corps of Engineers Huntsville Engineering and Support Center, the Construction Engineering Research Laboratory, and private contractors
 - Multi-year program performing 5 to 8 FEDS assessments at Army installations each year.
- ▶ IMCOM-Southeast ECIP project support
 - Utilize existing FEDS model to analyze performance of proposed projects (e.g., solar, controls, water, etc.)
- ▶ Ground-source heat pump evaluations
 - Installations with existing models can use FEDS for initial screening for ground-source heat pumps
- ▶ Central plant assessments



Impact of FEDS

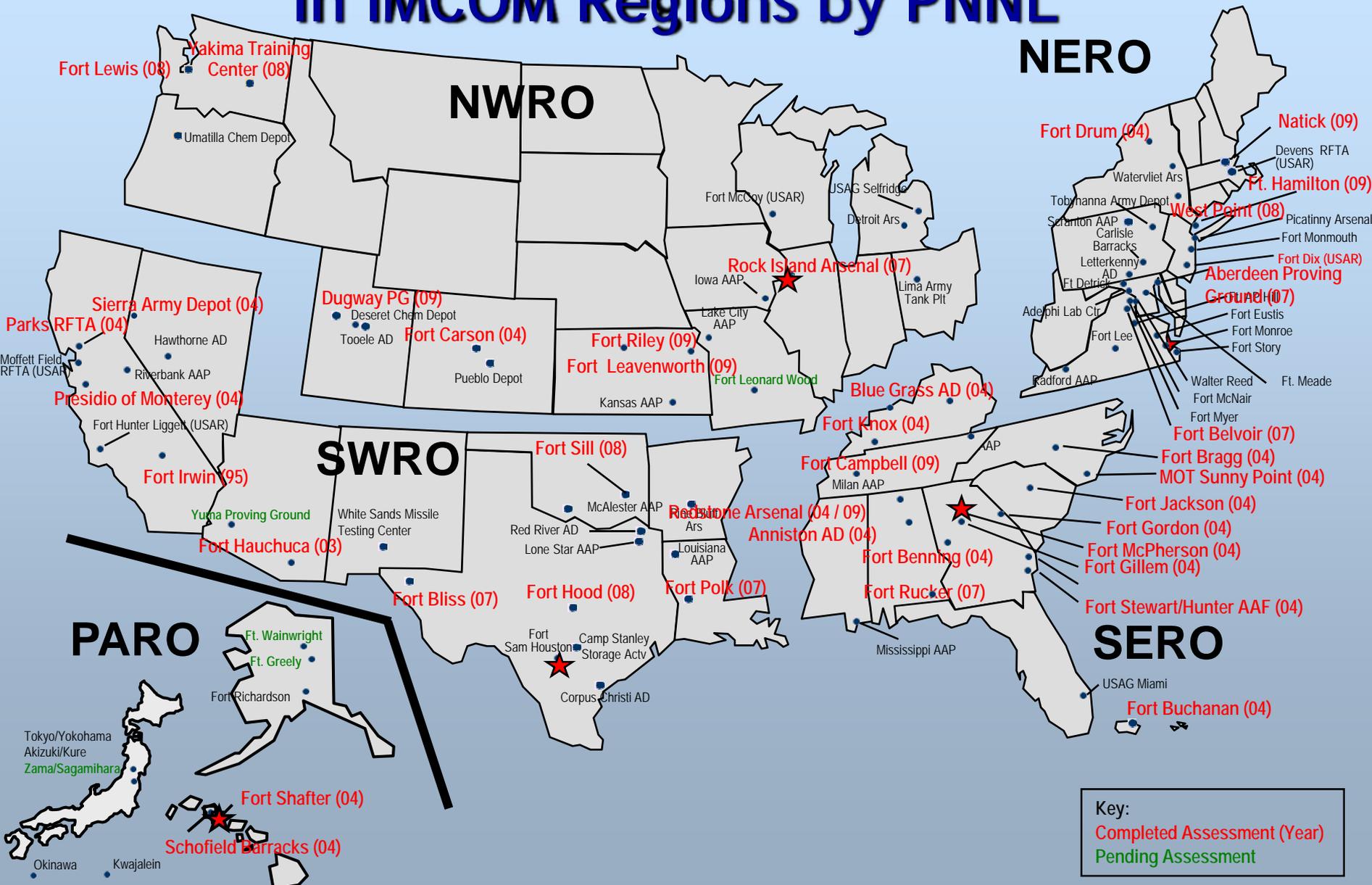
A comprehensive energy assessment can uncover significant potential.

- ▶ During FY2008 FEDS models for the EEAP program indentified over \$35M/year in energy savings in cost-effective energy projects:

| | Total Investment, \$M | Annual Savings, MBTU/yr | Annual Savings, \$M/yr |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Fort Bliss, TX | \$ 23.3M | 366,761 | \$ 5.0M |
| Fort Belvoir, VA | \$ 24.2M | 237,332 | \$ 6.5M |
| Fort Polk, LA | \$ 16.6M | 217,738 | \$ 4.1M |
| Fort Lewis, WA | \$ 38.8M | 416,376 | \$ 6.6M |
| Aberdeen PG, MD | \$ 46.5M | 665,009 | \$13.2M |
| TOTAL | \$149.4M | 1,903,216 | \$35.4M |



FEDS Assessments Completed in IMCOM Regions by PNNL



FEDS 6.0 Now Available

► Key additions:

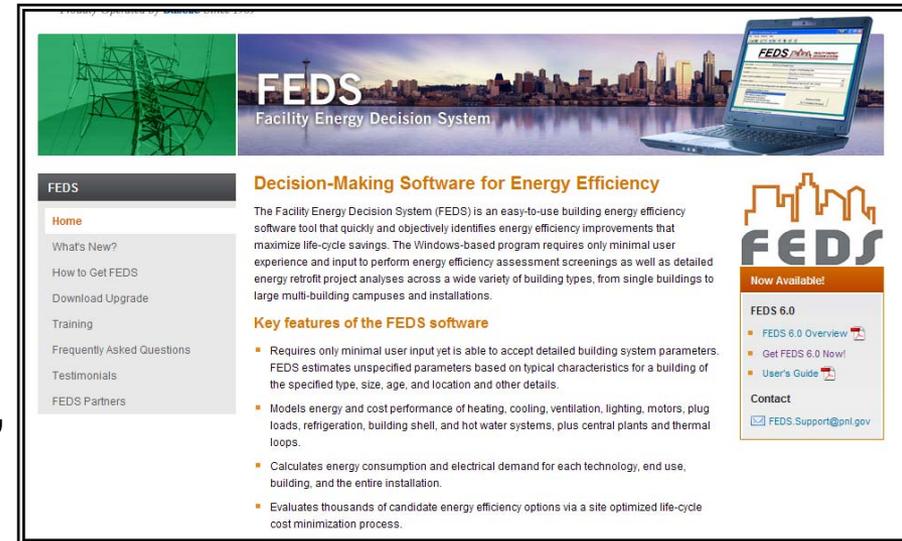
- Central plant and thermal loop decentralization analysis
- 1500+ additional weather locations
- Radiant / infrared heating technologies
- Replace on failure economics
- Flexible scheduling / occupancy
 - 4-day workweeks; variable occupancy
- Advanced building geometry modeling
- User-modifiable emissions factor specification



Now more powerful & flexible than ever

How to Obtain the Software

- ▶ Visit www.pnl.gov/FEDS to submit a request on-line and to view latest software news and update information
- ▶ FEDS is available free of charge to federal agencies, contractor use on federally-funded projects, and state governments on their projects
- ▶ Non-qualifying parties can purchase copies of the software
- ▶ An **update for FEDS 6.0** has just been released and can be downloaded from the website



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Facility Energy Decision System (FEDS). The header features a city skyline and a laptop displaying the software interface. The main content area is titled "Decision-Making Software for Energy Efficiency" and describes the software's capabilities. A sidebar on the left contains navigation links. A "Now Available!" banner highlights the release of FEDS 6.0.

FEDS
Facility Energy Decision System

Decision-Making Software for Energy Efficiency

The Facility Energy Decision System (FEDS) is an easy-to-use building energy efficiency software tool that quickly and objectively identifies energy efficiency improvements that maximize life-cycle savings. The Windows-based program requires only minimal user experience and input to perform energy efficiency assessment screenings as well as detailed energy retrofit project analyses across a wide variety of building types, from single buildings to large multi-building campuses and installations.

Key features of the FEDS software

- Requires only minimal user input yet is able to accept detailed building system parameters. FEDS estimates unspecified parameters based on typical characteristics for a building of the specified type, size, age, and location and other details.
- Models energy and cost performance of heating, cooling, ventilation, lighting, motors, plug loads, refrigeration, building shell, and hot water systems, plus central plants and thermal loops.
- Calculates energy consumption and electrical demand for each technology, end use, building, and the entire installation.
- Evaluates thousands of candidate energy efficiency options via a site optimized life-cycle cost minimization process.

Now Available!

FEDS 6.0

- FEDS 6.0 Overview
- Get FEDS 6.0 Now!
- User's Guide

Contact

FEDS.Support@pnl.gov



Thank You!



Facility Energy Decision System

www.pnl.gov/FEDS

*An easy to use, yet powerful & flexible tool
for quickly and objectively identifying building
energy savings opportunities*



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