

# Charting a Course to Energy Independence

**Providence, RI**  
**August 9-12, 2009**

Reducing energy via workstation-  
specific lighting

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# Reducing Energy via Workstation-Specific Lighting

- Overview
- Definition
- Ideal Spaces
- Technical Aspects
- Control Aspects
- Energy Savings
- Demonstrations & More Information



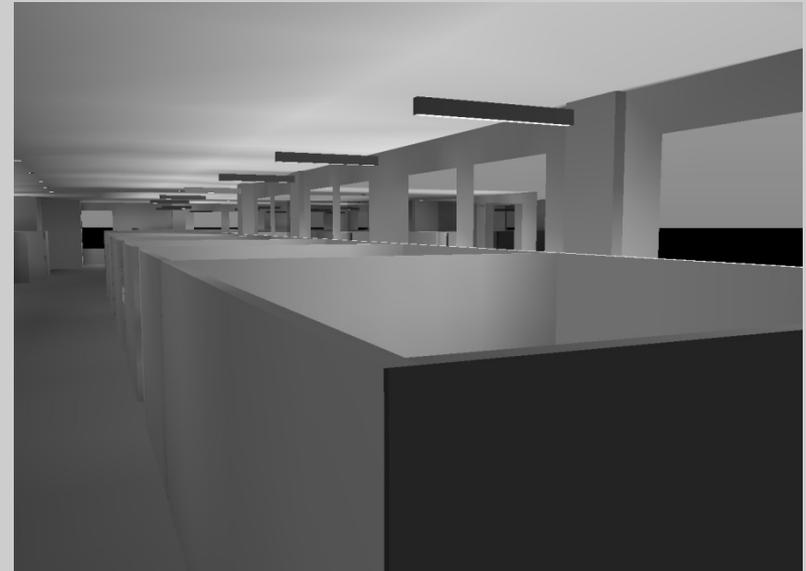
# Overview

- Lighting energy is 20% - 30% of office building usage
- Workstation-specific lighting has saved 20% to 70% energy
  - ☐ Effective use of light & power
  - ☐ Variable results/savings
- Design is not simple



# Definition

- Workstation-specific
  - ☐ Individual fixture per cubicle
  - ☐ Light only where needed → energy savings
- Sometimes called “intelligent”
  - ☐ Layered controls → additional energy savings





# Ideal Spaces

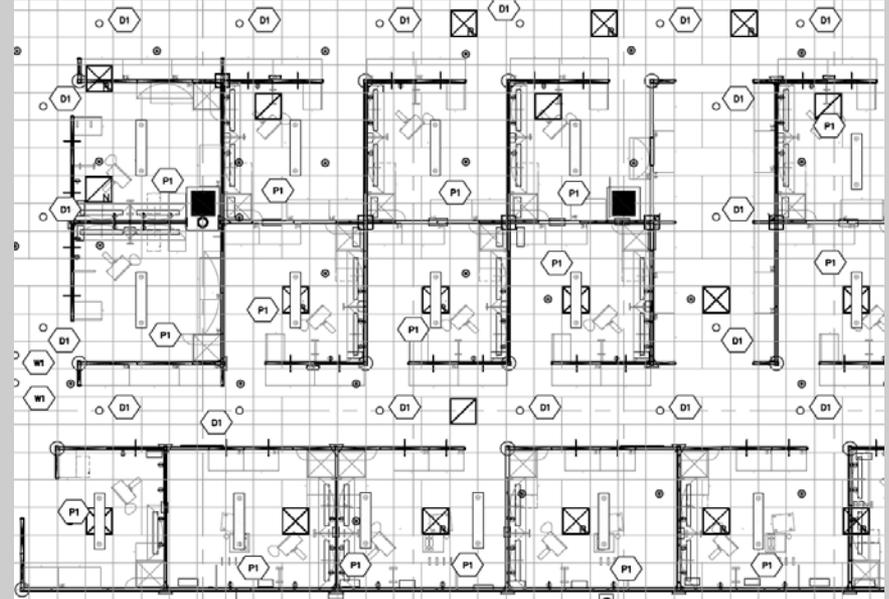


- Typical Characteristics
  - ☐ Open Plan layout
  - ☐ Ceiling Height  $\geq 9'-0''$
  - ☐ Partition Height  $\leq 60''$
  - ☐ Cubicle layout fixed



# Ideal Spaces

- Rule of Thumb:
  - ☐ Total area of space / total # of stations > 100 sf / workstation
  - ☐ If > 100 sf / ws → LPD < 1.1 W/SF
  - ☐ Example:
    - 4,054 sf / 27 ws = 150 sf/ws → 0.80 W/SF





# NOT - Ideal Spaces



- Space that change
  - ☐ As workstation layout changes → light layout changes
  - ☐ Costly and time-consuming



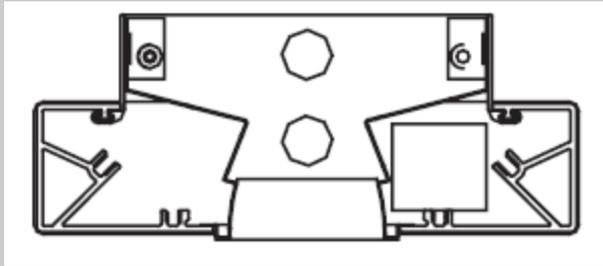
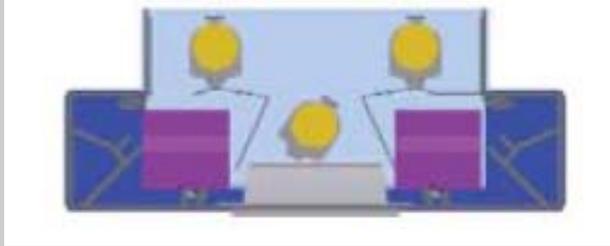
# NOT - Ideal Spaces

- Space conditions:
  - ☐ Low ceiling height
  - ☐ Tall partitions





# Technology Aspects – Luminaire Selection



- Lamps: T8/T5/T5HO
  - ☐ 2 or 3 per fixture
- Separate optics
  - ☐ Light going up
  - ☐ Light going down



# Technology Aspects - Supplementation



- Provide downlights in central aisles
- Provide downlights near filing areas
- Provide wallwashers along large vertical expanses
- Provide sconces for focal interest



# Controls Aspects

- Typical controls
  - ☐ Daylight Harvesting
  - ☐ Occupancy Sensors
  - ☐ Personal Control
  - ☐ Demand Response
  - ☐ Time-of-use Scheduling



# Controls – Daylight Harvesting

- Dims light in response to available daylight
- Easier to apply in the space





# Controls – Occupancy Sensors



- Only lights the cubicle when occupied
- Turns off (or dims) downlight component
- More person is gone → more energy is saved
- Not very effective in a call center



# Controls – Personal Controls

- Occupant sets desired light level in cubicle
- Increased user satisfaction
- Typically saves some energy
- Mechanism can be wireless or through computer





# Controls – Demand Response



- Lighting easiest for DR than other building systems
- Reduce lighting during peak demand
  - ☒ 20% reduction over 3 minutes → unnoticed
- Easier to accomplish via networked controls



# Controls – Time-of-use Scheduling

- “Scenes” per time of day
- Turn off certain fixtures after hours
- Cleaners can only have uplight
- No more “all lights on” for one person





# Energy Savings



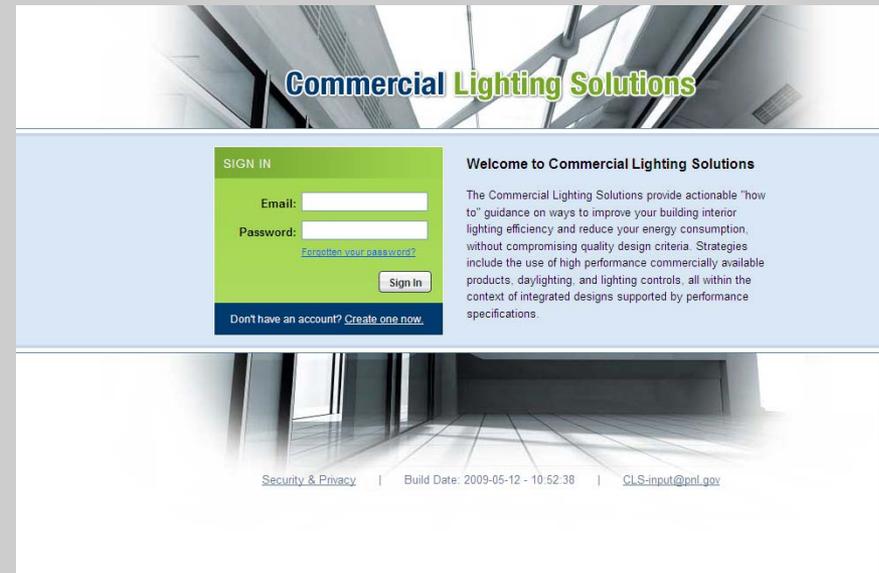
- Study found savings:
  - ☐ Occupancy Sensors – 35%
  - ☐ Daylight Harvesting – 20%
  - ☐ Personal Control – 11%
- Many variables to savings
- As # control strategies ↑  
some savings ↓



# Demonstration & More Information

- Commercial Lighting Solutions

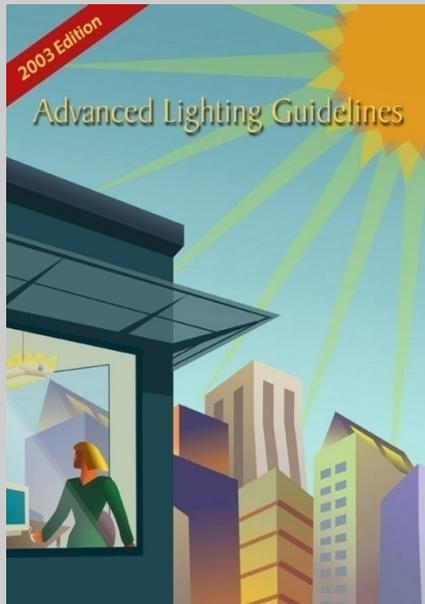
- ☰ DOE webtool
- ☰ Office designs available Fall '09
- ☰ Provides designs and energy analysis
- ☰ Working with Advanced Lighting Guidelines



<https://www.lighting-solutions.org/comlighting/login.htm>



# Demonstration & More Information



- Advanced Lighting Guidelines
  - ☐ DOE supported
  - ☐ Coordinated with CLS
  - ☐ WSS to be included as a module

<http://www.newbuildings.org/lighting.htm#>



# Demonstration & More Information

- GSA Relighting
  - ☐ DOE developed lighting specifications
  - ☐ Workstation-specific and others part of specifications
  - ☐ ARRA funding
    - Current projects
  - ☐ Existing demo at 450 Golden Gate





# Demonstration & More Information



- NAVY Tech/Val
  - ☒ Naval Base at Ventura County, in Port Hueneme, CA
    - Home of the Seabees
  - ☒ Conducting research project
  - ☒ Results expected in 2010



# Contact Information

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